Oral Board - Errata List

We apologize for these errors. Try as we might, mistakes do occur and we make every effort to notify our doctors of the corrections. Please Contact us if you find any further discrepancies.

Oral Board 7th Edition

P. 32, last paragraph, line 10, should read amiodarone 300mg

Oral Board 8th Edition

Audio program Tape 1, CD 1 – Pediatric Emergency – critical medications and dosage scheduleThe most commonly observed rhythms in the pediatric patient with cardiac arrest are asystole and bradydysrhythmias. About 10-20% arrests in children are due to V-Fib or pulseless V-Tach. Remember that cardiac arrest in children is usually secondary to respiratory depression, so do three things early in the code:

- 1. check for foreign body obstruction
- 2. intubate and ventilate with a high O2 concentration... and
- 3. give naloxone .01mg/kg IV push.

Note: point 3 should read give naloxone 0.1mg/kg IV push

Audiio program, Selected Transcripts p. 1-16

Remember that cardiac arrest in children is usually secondary to respiratory depression, so do three things early in the code:

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Audio program, Tape 7, CD 7 – Laboratory Clue #3, point 2

Audio program, Selected Transcripts, p.7-59, Laboratory Clue #3, point 2

Should read: the osmolal gap is the difference between the measured osmolality and the calculated value is determined by the following formula:...

(a grateful "Thank You" goes to Dr. Andrew Bradbury in Blackfoot, Idaho for brining this error to our attention)

CME Answers and ExplanationsUnder behavioral answer #4

Hydrochlorthiazide is the neuroleptic agent of choice for use in the Emergency Department...... should read

Haldol (Haloperidol) is the neuroleptic agent of choice for use in the Emergency Department.....